



Mechanical Testing of Carbon Based Woven Thermal Protection Materials

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Objective

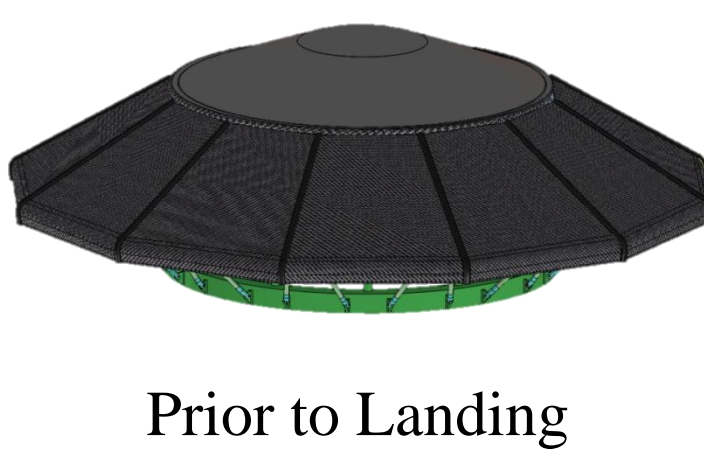
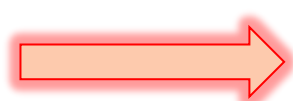
Assessment of the structural integrity of 3-D woven carbon cloths that have undergone heating similar to Venus atmospheric entry conditions.

Background

- Planetary Science Decadal Survey expresses interest in Venus
- NASA proposes Venus Intrepid Tessera Lander (VITAL) mission
- Implement game changing technology of adaptable, deployable entry placement technologies (ADEPT)
 - Δ Requires novel thermal protection system (TPS)
 - Δ Low ballistic coefficient → more benign entry conditions



Stowed



Prior to Landing

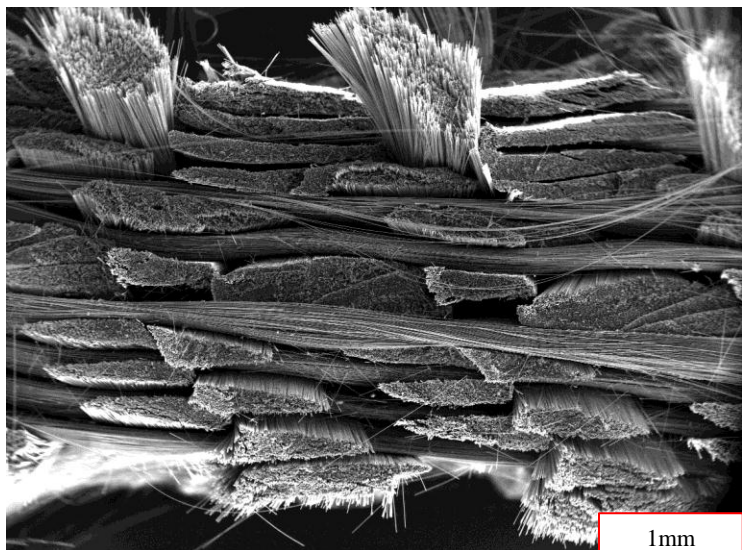
BLAM Testing



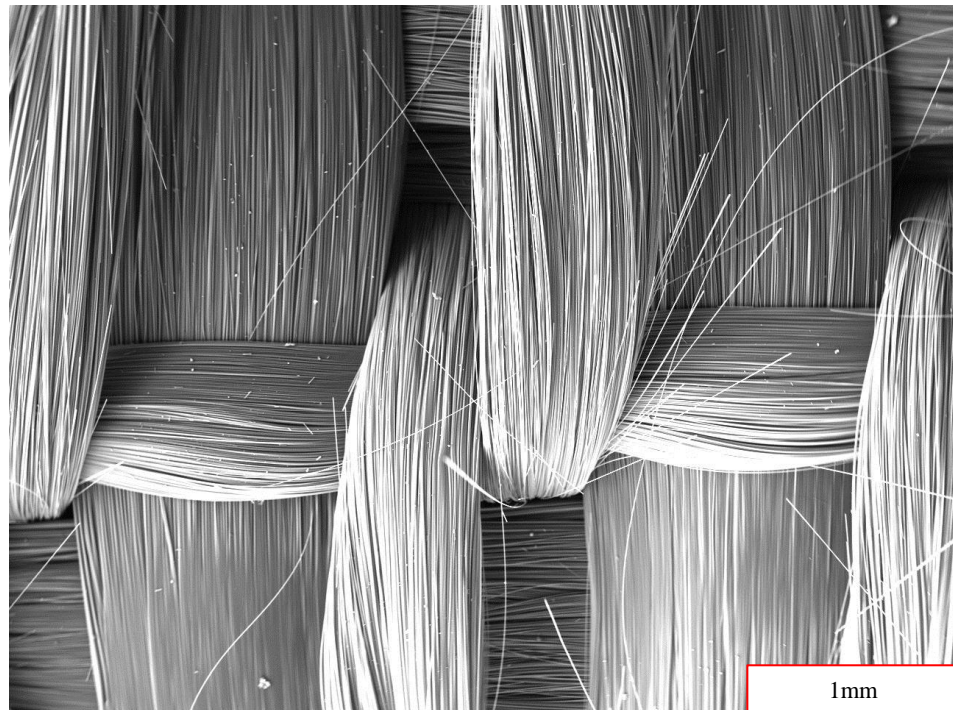
Thermal Protection System

- Novel 3-D woven, flexible carbon cloths
 - Δ Tailorable weave patterns and properties
 - Δ Interwoven weave architectures provide structural load and heat shield TPS
 - Δ One such architecture imaged on right
 - Δ Structural and thermal layers below

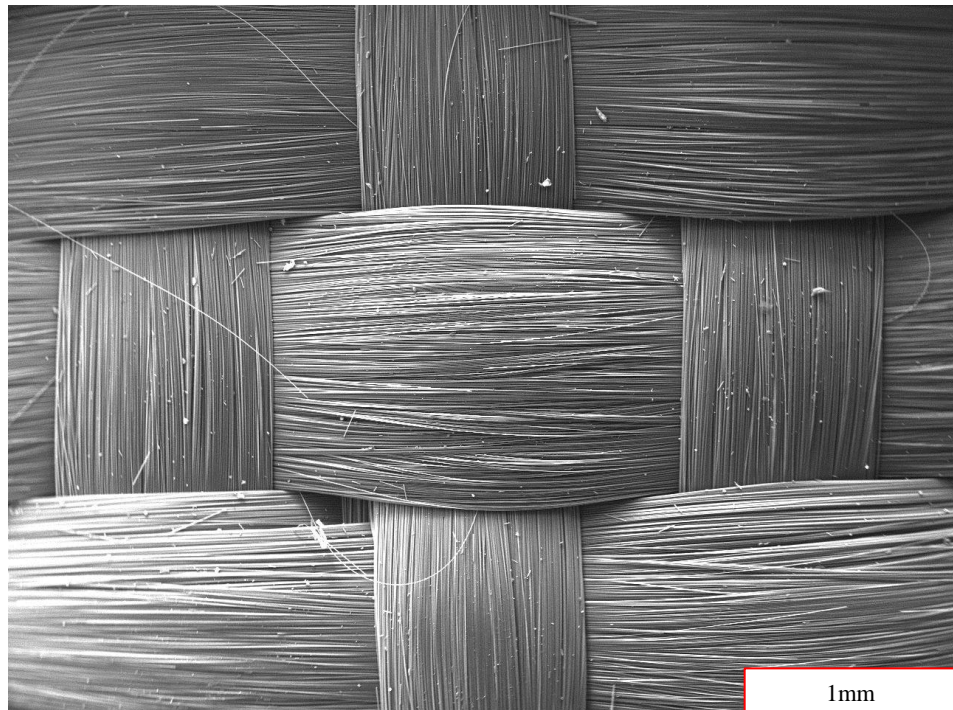
Profile View



Bottom Layers
Structural Load-Bearing



Top Layers
Thermal Exposure

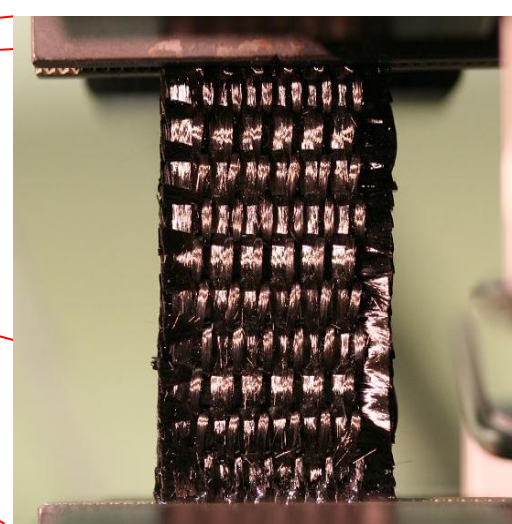
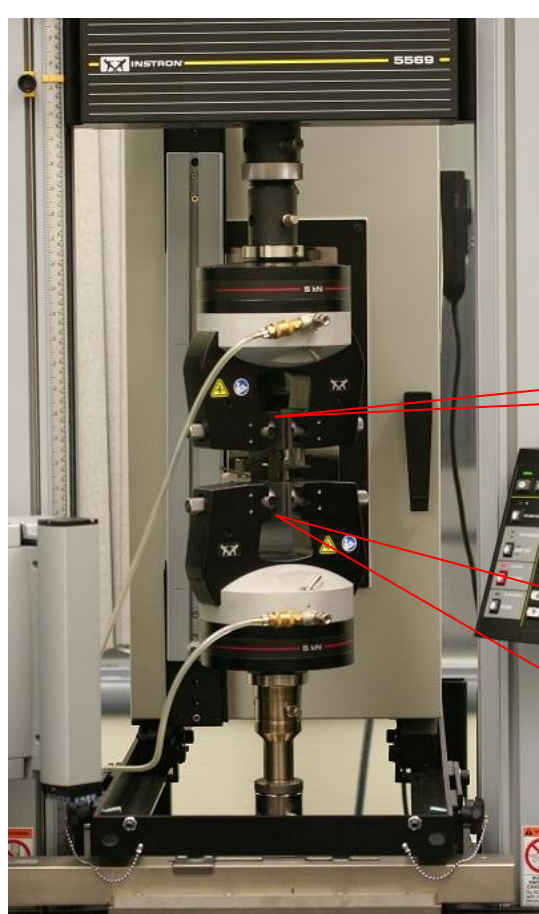


- Bi-axial load aerothermal mechanical (BLAM) testing
- Evaluate woven TPS under entry conditions

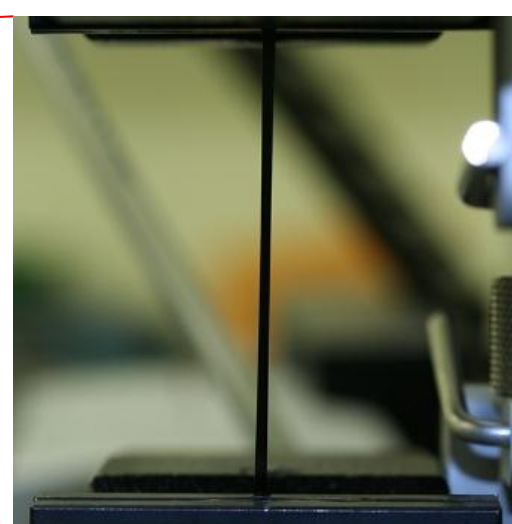
Model	Heat Flux on Fabric (W/cm ²)	Warp Running Load (N/cm)	Weft Running Load (N/cm)	Exposure Time (sec)
B1	136	1310	660	35
B2	97	660	330	135
B3	97	1310	660	139

Mechanical Testing

- Instron 5569, $\dot{\epsilon} = 1\text{ mm/min}$
- Fabric and yarns, pre and post aerothermal exposure



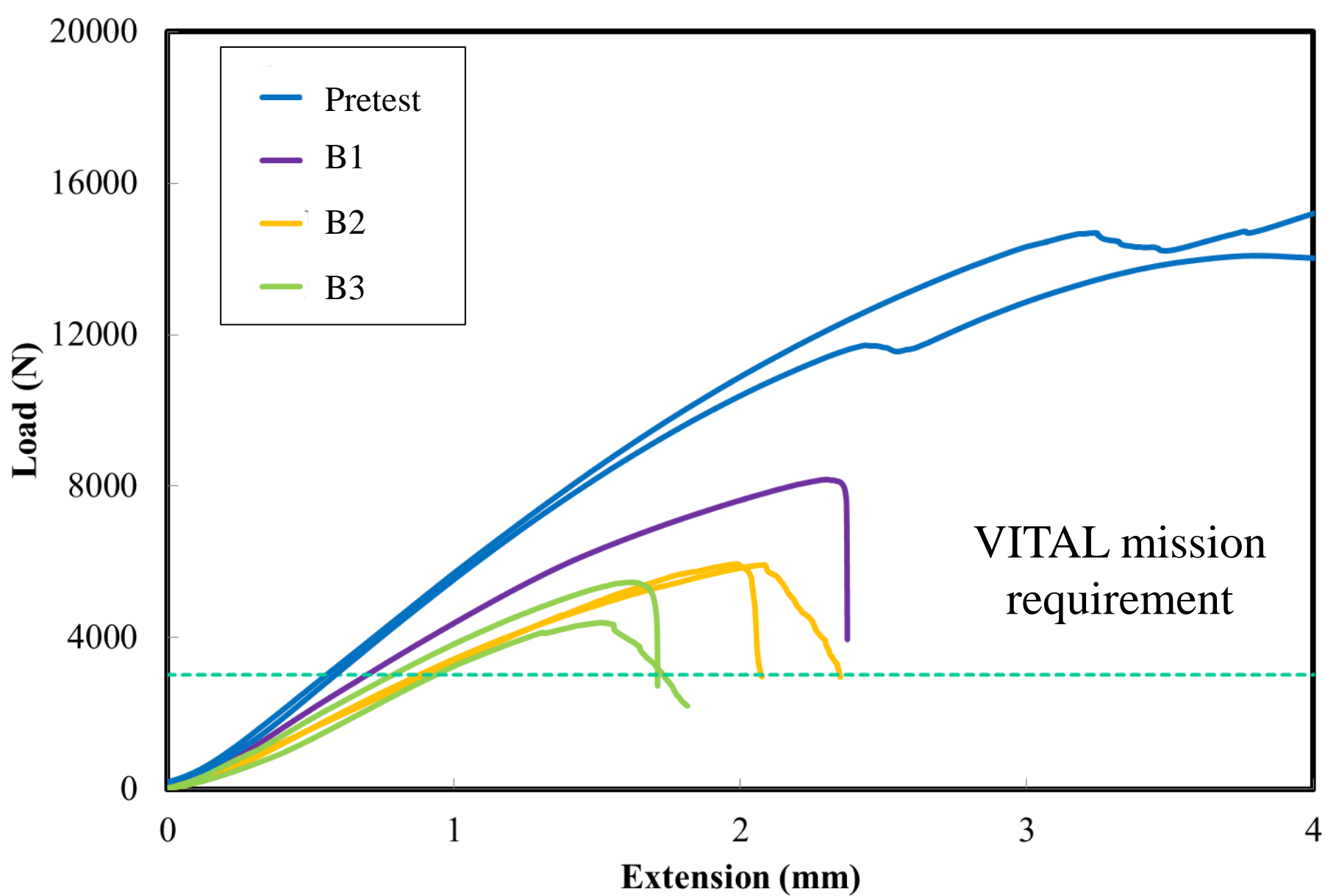
Fabric



Yarn

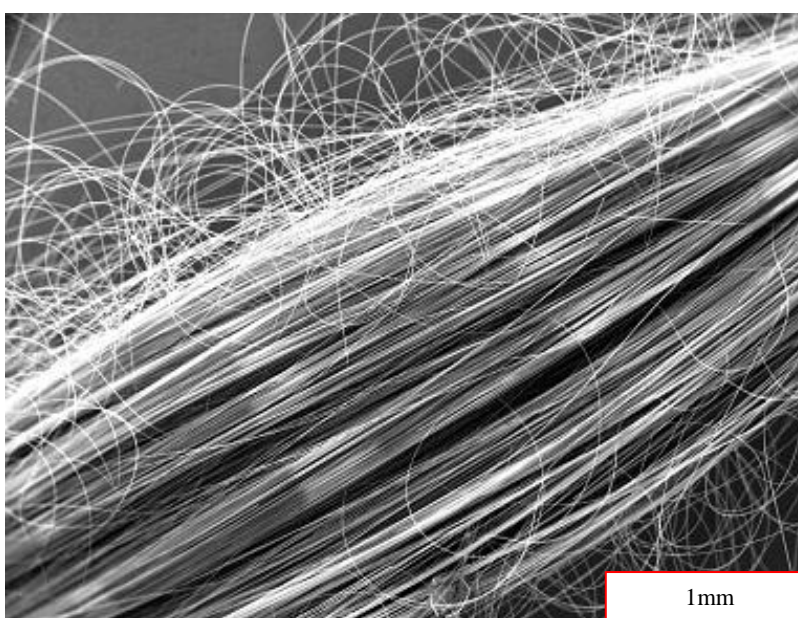
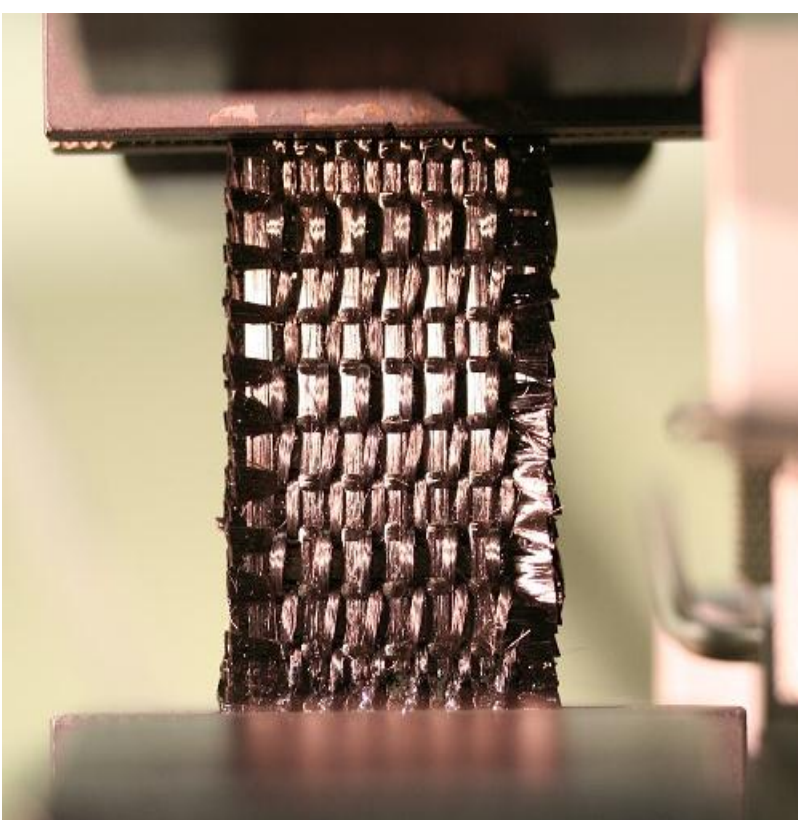
Results

Fabric Test

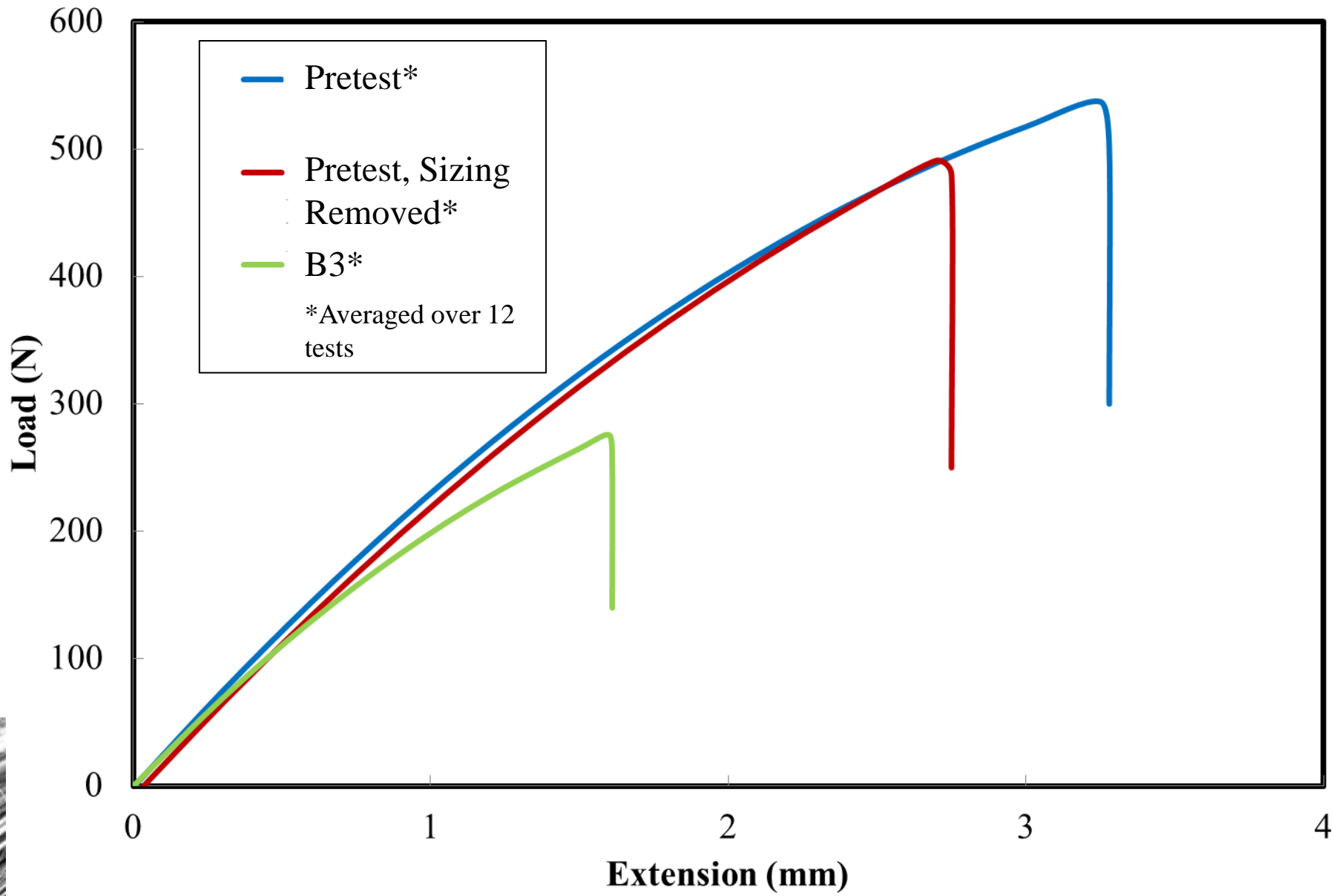


Observations

- Post-exposure strength exceeds flight requirement
- Brittle failures in post-exposure fabrics
- Reduction in mechanical properties correlated with exposure duration



Yarn Test



- Imaged above: Woven fabric at 4 minutes, weave elongation
- Lower image: Failed yarn, bundle loosening

Conclusion

- Data indicates that aerothermal heating reduces mechanical strength
- Arcjet exposure appears to cause sample embrittlement
- Mechanical testing provides design guidelines for future woven TPS

Forward Work

- Investigate the causes of embrittlement and reduction in load bearing capacity due to aerothermal heating
- Isolate effects of oxidation and thermal exposure on mechanical performance
- Additional fabric testing to statistically verify mechanical property reductions

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